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APPLICATION NO.	FILI	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/024,513	12/21/2001		Juan Mantelle	041457-0630	4098
22428	7590	12/15/2004		EXAMINER	
FOLEY AN SUITE 500	ND LARDI	NER	CHOI, FRANK I		
3000 K STREET NW				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20007				1616	

DATE MAILED: 12/15/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	10/024,513	MANTELLE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Frank I Choi	1616
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the t	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tire within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timely. I the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 Octoor 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under Exercise. 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4)	vn from consideration.	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 8/2/2004 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-5, 7-9, 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over WO 01/10420.

WO 01/10420 expressly discloses a patch which contains methylphenidate which delivers at a rate falling within the scope of the claims wherein there is no degradation of methylphenidate (Pg. 5, 1st paragraph, Pgs. 18, 19, Examples 4, 5, Figures 3, 4).

Alternatively, at the very least the claimed invention is rendered obvious within the meaning of 35 USC 103, because the prior art discloses products and uses that contain the same

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exact ingredients/components as that of the claimed invention. See In re Fitzgerald, 205 USPQ 594 (CCPA 1980). See also In re May, 197 USPQ 601, 607 (CCPA 1978).

Examiner has duly considered Applicant's arguments but deems them unpersuasive for the reasons set forth in the Advisory Action (8/18/2004) relating to the deficiency of the Affidavit.

Claims 1-5,7-14,16-23, 25-32, 34-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over WO 01/10420 in view of Miranda et al. (US Pat. 5,656,286).

WO 01/10420 discloses a patch which contains methylphenidate which delivers the majority of the methylphendiate over the desired period, such as 12 hours, after which plasma concentrations drop at a rate falling within the scope of the claims wherein there is no degradation of methylphenidate (Pg. 5, 1st paragraph, Pg. 14, Pgs. 18, 19, Examples 4, 5, Figures 3, 4). It is taught that limiting active functionalities, including acidity, of the adhesive monomers is desired to avoid unnecessary degeneration of the methylphenidate and that preferred level of residual monomers is below 2000 ppm (Pgs. 8-10). It is taught that the drug delivery profile is advantageous because the patches are exhausted after use and are not suitable for abuse (Pg. 14). It is taught that the patches are suitable for treatment of ADD and ADHD (Pg. 15).

Miranda et al. teaches that by combining and adjusting the relative proportions acrylic and silicone pressure sensitive adhesives the transdermal permeation rate of drugs, such as methylphenidate, can be adjusted and the adhesive composition advantageously permits selectable loading of the drug (Columns 8, 9, Column 28, line 7).

The difference between the prior art and the claimed invention is that the prior art does not expressly disclose a method of treating ADD or ADHD with a methylphenidate patch or the

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combined use of acrylic and silicone based adhesives. However, the prior art amply suggests the same as it is known that methylphenidate is effective in treating ADD and ADHD and it is known to prepare patches containing methylphenidate. As such, it would have been well within the skill of and one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify the prior art as above with the expectation that the patches would be effective in treating ADD or ADHD, would provide a drug delivery profile as that claimed in the present invention and prevent degradation of the methylphenidate.

Examiner has duly considered Applicant's arguments but deems them unpersuasive for the same reasons as above.

Therefore, the claimed invention, as a whole, would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, because every element of the invention has been collectively taught by the combined teachings of the references.

Conclusion

A facsimile center has been established in Technology Center 1600. The hours of operation are Monday through Friday, 8:45 AM to 4:45 PM. The telecopier number for accessing the facsimile machine is 571-273-8300.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Frank Choi whose telephone number is (571)272-0610. Examiner maintains a flexible schedule. However, Examiner may generally be reached Monday-Friday, 8:00 am - 5:30 pm (EST), except the first Friday of the each biweek which is Examiner's normally scheduled day off.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's Supervisor, Mr. Gary Kunz, can be reached at 571-272-0887. Additionally, Technology Center 1600's Receptionist and Customer Service can be reached at (571) 272-1600. FIC

December 13, 2004